Autonomous Program Structure Second Year B. Tech. Fourth Semester (Instrumentation and Control) Academic Year: 2017-2018 Onwards

Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Scheme Hours/Week			Examination Scheme				Marks	Credit
			Tutorial	Practical	In sem	End sem	-	Practical		
IN2201	Sensors and Transducers II	3	1	0	50	50	0	0	100	4
IN2202	Electronic Instrumentation & System Design	3	1	0	50	50	0	0	100	4
IN2203	Analytical Instrumentation	3	0	0	50	50	0	0	100	3
IN2204	Control Systems I	3	1	0	50	50	0	0	100	A
HS2201	Principles and Practices of Management	3	0	0	50	50	0	0	100	3
IN2205	Sensors and Transducers II lab	0	0	2	0	0	0	25	25	1
IN2206	Electronic Instrumentation & System Design lab	0	0	2	0	0	0	25	25	1
IN2208	Analytical Instrumentation	0	0	2	25	0	0	0	25	1
IN2209	*Lab Practice I	0	0	2	25	0	0	0	25	
AC2201	Self-Expression	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	No
Total		15	3	10	300	250	0	50	600	credits
Grand Total		28			600			600	22	

•IN2209 - Lab Practice I: Practical based on Circuit Theory and Applied Biology should be conducted. AC2201 - Audit Course: Self Expression

- 1. Art and Craft
- 2. Basic Photography
- 3. Contemporary Dance
- 4. Film Appreciation
- 5. English Communication
- 6. Theatre

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IN2201: Sensors and Transducers II

Teaching Scheme

Lecture: 3 Hr/week Tutorials: 1 Hr/week **Examination Scheme** In Semester: 50 marks End Semester: 50 marks Credit: 4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study measurement of some physical parameters
- 2. To learn analog and digital signal conditioning schemes for sensors/transducers
- 3. To design and study instruments based on applications

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to

- 1. Delinate working of different sensors/transducers for measurement of various parameters.
- 2. Compare features of different sensors/transducers.
- 3. Identify various blocks required for designing signal conditioning circuits for sensor / transducer.
- 4. design signal conditioning circuit for sensors/transducers for different application.

Unit 1: Displacement Measurement

Resistive: Potentiometer, Linear and rotary, Loading Effect types of strain gauges. Inductive: LVDT and Eddy current type Transducers. Capacitive: Capacitance pickups, Differential capacitive cells. Piezoelectric, Ultrasonic transducers and Hall effect transducers Optical transducers. Precision measuring instrument (gauges), Angular measurement.

Unit 2: Velocity and speed Measurement

Standards ,working, principle, types, material ,design criteria:

Moving magnet and moving coil, Electromagnetic tachometer, photoelectric tachometer, Toothed rotor variable reluctance tachometer, magnetic pick-ups, encoder, Photoelectric pick up, shaft speed measurement. Applications of velocity measurement sensor

Unit 3: Vibration and Acceleration

Standards working principle, types, material, design criteria: Eddy Current type, piezoelectric type, Seismic transducer.

Accelerometer: Potentiometric type, LVDT type, piezoelectric type. Application of Acceleration ion and vibration sensor

Unit 4: Force and Torque Measurement

Basic methods of force measurement, elastic force traducers, strain gauge, load cells, shear web, piezoelectric force transducers, vibrating wire force transducers, Strain gauge torque meter, Inductive torque meter, Magneto-strictive transducers, torsion bar dynamometer

Unit 5: Principles of Analog and Digital Signal conditioning

Introduction, signal level and bias changes, linearization, conversation faltering and impedance matching, concept of loading, divider circuits, bridge circuits, lead compensation, RC filters (low pass, high pass), Readout/ meter. Converters, Readout/display

Unit 6: Design of Signal conditioning circuit

Thermocouple, RTD, Thermistor, load cell, potentiometric sensors, capacitive level sensor, LVDT, Optical Sensors (LDR, photodiode, photo transistor, photo cell).

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Text Books:

1. Rangan, Sarma, Mani, 'Instrumentation Devices and Systems' Tata McGraw-Hill, Second Edition.

2. D.V.S. Murthi, "Instrumentation and Measurement Principles", PHI, New Delhi, Second ed. 2003.

3. B. C. Nakra and K. K. Choudhari, "Instrumentation Measurements and Analysis" by, Tata McGraw Hill Education, Second ed., 2004.

4. A.K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Instruments & Measurement", Dhanpat Rai and Sons,

5. Eleventh ed., 20005 D. Patranabis, 'Principles of Industrial Instrumentation', Tata McGraw-Hill-second edition 1999.

6. C. D. Johnson, 'Process Control Technology' PHI-Seventh Edition.

7. Art of electronic book for signal condoning by harwitz

Reference Books:

1. Thomas G. Beckwith, Roy D. Marangoni, John H. Lienhard, 'Mechanical Measurements',

2. International Student edition, Addison- Wesley- 5thEd.

3. D. Patranabis, 'Principles of Industrial Instrumentation', Tata McGraw-Hill- 1986.

4. B.G. Liptak, "Process Measurement & Analysis", Chilton Book Company, Third ed., 1995.

5. E.O. Doebelin, 'Measurement Systems Application and Design', McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 1990.

List of Tutorials:

- 1. Construction and working of speedometer
- 2. Study of digital dial gauge & digital micrometer
- 3. Study of Anemometer
- 4. Study of 3 axis MEMS accelerometer
- 5. Spring balance as a overload alarm
- 6. Study of optical source detector
- 7. Measurement of temperature using LM35
- 8. Measurement of temperature using thermocouple

IN2202: Electronic Instrumentation and System Design

Teaching Scheme

Lecture: 3 Hr/week Tutorial: 1 Hr/week **Examination Scheme**

In Semester: 50 marks End Semester: 50 marks Credit: 4

Prerequisite:

1. Concepts covered in Basic Instrumentation subject

2. Concepts covered in Linear Integrated Circuits subject

Course Objectives:

1. To provide an overview and understand the internal structure of various laboratory measuring Instruments and Signal Conversion techniques.

2. To teach the theory of different types ADCs and DACs.

3. To introduce the theory and applications of various special purpose ICs.

4. To teach the various grounding shielding techniques and ESD, EMI/EMC effects.

5. To introduce the concept of reliability.

6. To understand concepts related to PCBs – their types, design considerations, soldering techniques.

Course Outcome: The student will be able to

1. Select appropriate testing and measuring instrument for given application.

- 2. Choose ADC and/or DAC for given application.
- 3. Develop signal conditioning circuits using application ICs

4. Apply design concepts of PCB for given application

Unit 1: ADCs and DACs

Sampling Theorem, Sample and Hold Circuit, ADC types like Flash, Counter, SAR and Dual-Slope, ADC Specifications, ADC Numerical, DAC types like Weighted-Resistor and R-2R ladder, DAC Specifications, DAC Numerical, Study of CD4051 and ICM7107

Unit 2: Measuring Instruments

RMS concept and True RMS Meter, DVM and Automation in DVM – auto ranging, auto zeroing and auto polarity, Digital LCR-Q Meter, Concept of frequency measurement and Universal Counter and Its Mode like Frequency, Totalizing, Period, Time Interval, Ratio, Measurement Errors in counter.

Unit 3: Generators and Signal Analyzers

Types of Frequency synthesis, Direct Digital Synthesis, Arbitrary Waveform Generator, Study of IC8038

Signal Analyzers - Distortion Analyzer, Spectrum Analyzers, FFT Analyzer

Unit 4: Guidelines for enclosure, components and accessories

Grounding and shielding techniques, EMI and EMC, Source of EMI, Protection against EMI, EMI and EMC effects minimization methods, ESD, Protection against ESD

Unit 5: Special Application ICs

Instrumentation amplifier AD620, Linear opto isolator IL300, V to I converters XTR110, Signal conditioners AD594/595, Phase Locked Loop CD4046, Programmable counter

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ICM7217, Optoisolator MCT2E, Power drivers ULN2803

Unit 6: PCBs and Reliability

Printed circuit board - Design rules for analog and digital circuit PCB's, Single, Double, Multi layer and SMD boards, Soldering materials and techniques, need of flux and its characteristics Reliability - Definition, Distinction between Quality and Reliability, Availability, Maintainability, (MTBF, MTTF, MTTR) Life Cycle and Bathtub curve

Text Books:

1. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques by Helfrick and Cooper, PHI

- 2. Digital Instrumentation by A. J. Bowen
- 3. Electronic Instrumentation Handbook by Coombs.
- 4. Electronic Instrumentation by Oliver Cage, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Electronic Instruments and Instrumentation Technology by Anand M. M. S., PHI
- 6. Electrostatic Discharge and Electronic Equipment, Warren Boxleitner IEEE press.
- 7. Printed Circuit Boards, Walter C. Bosshart, CEDT series, TMH.
- 8. Reliability Engineering, E. Baiguruswamy.

9. Data manual for analog and digital ICs

References:

1. Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation by David A. Bell, Prentice Hall of India.

2. Electrical and Electronics Measurement and Instrumentation by A.K. Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai & Co.

- 3. Electronic Instrumentation by J. J. Carr.
- 4. Electronic Instrumentation by H. S. Kalsi, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Noise Reduction Techniques, Ott.

List of tutorials:

- 1. Study of IC0809 in detail pin details, internal schematic, working
- 2. Study of IC0808 in detail pin details, internal schematic, working
- 3. Study of RMS meter internal schematic, features
- 4. Study of Universal Counter internal schematic, various modes
- 5. Study of IC8038 in detail pin details, internal schematic, working
- 6. Study of Distortion meter internal schematic, features
- 7. Study of MCT2E and ULN2803 application for driving different types of loads
- 8. Study of IL300 typical application circuit
- 9. Study of CD4046 as frequency multiplier

10. Study of XTR110 as 0A to 10A output voltage to current converter

IN2203: Analytical Instrumentation

Teaching Scheme

Lecture: 3 Hr/week

Examination Scheme

In Semester: 50 marks End Semester: 50 marks Credit: 3

Prerequisite: Basics of Optics and sensors

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand laws of photometry
- 2. To interpret instrumentation required for all types of spectroscopy
- 3. To learn separation methods such as chromatography and mass spectroscopy
- 4. To apply various principles for analysing different samples using suitable analytical technique

Course Outcome: The student will be able to

- 1. Select analyzing technique for given application.
- 2. Compare various sources and detectors in various types of spectroscopic techniques.
- 3. Compare various analytical techniques for qualitative analysis.
- 4. Select suitable analytical technique for sample analysis.

Unit 1: Overview and Introduction

Introduction to Analytical methods and its classification, electromagnetic spectrum Basics of spectroscopy: Laws of Photometry, components of optical systems (source, wavelength selector, detectors, signal processor, readout device), single beam and double beam Instrument

Unit 2: Molecular Spectroscopy

Electronic transition: UV-Visible spectroscopy, Fluorimeters and Phosphorimeters Nuclear transition: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectrometry Vibratinal transition: IR spectroscopy

Unit 3: Atomic Spectroscopy

Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Hollow cathode source, Types, working, Background correction methods

Atomic emission spectroscopy: Principle, Sources (AC & DC Arc Excitation, Plasma Excitation), Types, working and Flame photometer

Unit 4: Separative Methods

Components of mass spectrometry, Mass analyser types, Quantitative analysis of mixtures Chromatography: Fundamental of chromatographic separation, Gas chromatography, High Performance Liquid Chromatography

Unit 5: Gas analyzers

Oxygen analyzer, carbon dioxide analyzer, Hydrocarbon Analyzers

Unit 6: Radio chemical Instrumentation

X-ray spectrometry: X-ray Diffractometer, Bragg's law, Instrumentation for X-ray spectrometry Radiation detectors: Ionisation chamber, Geiger-Muller counter, proportional counter, scintillation counters

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Text Books:

1. Willard, Merritt, Dean, Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBS Publishers. & Distributors, New Delhi, 7th ed.

2. Skoog, Holler, Nieman, Thomson Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Books-cole Publications, 5th ed.

Reference Books:

1. Khandpur R. S., Handbook of Analytical Instruments, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, 3rd ed.

2. Ewing Galen W., Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, McGraw-Hill Pools Company, 5th ad

Book Company, 5th ed.

3. Braun Robert D., Introduction to Instrumental Analysis, McGraw-Hill Book Company.

4. Sherman R.E., Analytical Instrumentation, ISA Publication

IN2204: Control Systems I

Teaching Scheme

Lecture: 3 Hr/week Tutorials: 1 Hr/week **Examination Scheme**

In Semester: 50 marks End Semester: 50 marks Credit: 4

Prerequisite:

Basics of Laplace transform Linear algebra and complex number

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand the basic components of control system, types of control systems.
- 2. Learn the developing relationship between system input and output.
- 3. To learn to develop system's mathematical models.
- 4. To understand the basic mathematical tools for analysis of the control systems.

Course Outcome: The student will be able to

- 1. Represent the various given system in suitable mathematical form.
- 2. Construct transfer function of given system.
- 3. Analyze the given system in time and frequency domain.
- 4. Evaluate the stability performance of given system.

Unit 1: Introduction to Control Systems

Introduction, brief classification of control systems: Representation of: Electrical, mechanical, electromechanical, thermal, pneumatic, hydraulic systems, with differential equations, Concept of transfer function and state space representation. Advantages of state space representation over classical representation, Terminology of state space (state, state variables, state equations, state space).

Unit 2: Transfer function, block diagram algebra and signal flow graph

Representation of transfer function of electrical, mechanical with force to voltage and force to current analogies, Block diagram algebra, Signal flow graph.

Unit 3: Time domain analysis of control systems

Standard test signals, dynamic error constants. First order, second order systems and their response, Time domain specifications of first order and second order control systems, static error constants (kp, kv, ka, ess).

Unit 4: Stability Analysis

Concept of Stability in *s* domain, Classification of Stability (BIBO stability and asymptotic stability), stability analysis by Hurwitz criterion and Routh array, concept of relative stability and its analysis using Routh array.

Unit 5: Root locus

Definition, Evan's conditions for magnitude and angle, construction rules, determination of system gain at any point on root locus (from magnitude condition and by graphical method), Root locus of systems with dead time: Concept, approximation of dead time and construction rules.

Unit 6: Frequency Domain Analysis and Introduction to state space representation (07) Bode plot, with and without dead time, determination of transfer function from asymptotic Bode plot, Polar plot, Nyquist plot

Representation of state models: direct (companion I and II i.e. controllable canonical and

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observable canonical forms), parallel and cascade decomposition.

Text Books:

1. I. J. Nagrath, M. Gopal, "Control System Engineering", 6th Edition, New Age International Publishers.

- 2. B. S. Manke, "Linear Control Systems", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. A. K. Jairath, "Problems and Solutions of Control Systems", CBS Publishes, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 1. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", PHI, New Delhi.
- 2. Norman S. Nise, "Control System Engineering", John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic Control Systems", PHI, New Delhi

List of Tutorials:

- 1. Introduction to computational software (MATLAB).
- 2. Introduction to Basic MATLAB commands and functions.
- 3. Introduction to Control system toolbox.
- 4. Study of standard test signals.
- 5. Analysis of time domain specifications using MATLAB.
- 6. Analysis of stability using root locus approach
- 7. Analysis of stability in frequency domain (Bode plot)
- 8. Analysis of stability in frequency domain (Nyquist plot)
- 9. Conversion of SS to TF and TF to SS.

IN2205: Sensors and Transducer II Lab

Teaching Scheme

Practical: 2 Hr/week

Examination Scheme

Practical: 25 marks Credit: 1

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to

- 1. Delinate working of different sensors / transducers for measurement of various parameters.
- 2. Construct the connection diagram for plotting the characteristics of given sensor/ transducer.
- 3. Design signal conditioning circuit for different application.
- 4. Implement and test the designed signal condoning circuit.

- 1. Design and implementation of signal conditioning for RTD
- 2. Measurement of Displacement using L.V.D.T. and testing of its performance characteristics.
- 3. Measurement of Displacement using Linear and Rotary Encoders and compare their resolutions.
- 4. Measurement of unknown weight using load cell and computing its hysteresis.
- 5. Design and implementation of weighing machine using load cell.
- 6. Design and implementation of liquid level indicator using electromechanical system
- 7. Design and implementation of liquid level indicator using capacitive transducer.
- 8. Design and implementation of through beam / reflected beam type optical proximity switch.
- 9. Angular speed measurement using optical Encoder and plot its characteristics.
- 10. Motor Speed measurement using contact and non-contact type tachometers and calculate error.
- 11. To measure vibration of a platform using piezoelectric type Vibrometer and calculate maximum amplitude of vibration.
- 12. Measurement of acceleration using Piezoelectric accelerometer and study its response.

IN2206: Electronic Instrumentation and System Design Lab

Teaching Scheme

Practical: 2 Hr/week

Examination Scheme

Practical: 25 marks Credit: 1

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to

- 1. Test various signals and circuits using testing/ measuring instruments.
- 2. Verify the performance characteristics of a given system.
- 3. Design signal conditioning circuits by selecting appropriate application IC for given application.
- 4. Implement and test the designed circuits.

- 1. Implement ADC IC 0808 along with IC4051 and analyse its characteristics.
- 2. Implement DAC IC 0808 and analyse its characteristics.
- 3. Check the performance of True RMS meter and multi meter for various waveforms.
- 4. Study and verify different modes of Universal Counter.
- 5. Design and implement signal generator using IC8038.
- 6. Measure distortion of various signals using Distortion Meter
- 7. Implement optoisolator MCT2E and ULN2803 for driving different loads.
- 8. Verify output of optocoupler IL300 for unipolar and bipolar inputs.
- 9. Design and implement PLL CD4046 for given application.
- 10. Study of XTR110

IN2208: Analytical Instrumentation Lab

Teaching Scheme

Practical: 2 Hr/week

Examination Scheme

In Semester: 25 marks Credit: 1

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to

- 1. Operate various analytical instruments with necessary safety precaution.
- 2. Select appropriate analytical instrument for sample analysis based on application.
- 3. Test samples using various analytical instruments.
- 4. Analyze the sample constituents of given mixture.

- 1. Analysis by using Photoelectric colorimeter
- 2. Analysis by using Densitometer
- 3. Study of Signal beam spectrometer
- 4. Analysis by using Double beam spectrometer
- 5. Analysis by using Flame photometer
- 6. Analysis by using Spectrofluorometer
- 7. Study of NMR Spectroscopy
- 8. Study of Atomic Absorption spectroscopy
- 9. Study of Gas Chromatography
- 10. Study of High Performance Liquid Chromatography

IN2209: Lab practice I

Teaching Scheme

Practical: 2 Hr/Week

Examination Scheme

In Semester: 25 marks Credit: 1

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to

- 1. Analyze circuit using different circuit analysis techniques.
- 2. Record and analyse physiological parameters.
- 3. Analyse the characteristics of power electronics components.
- 4. Implement the speed control methods for Motors.

- 1. Circuit solving using Kirchhoff's law
- 2. Network Analysis using Mesh current and Node voltage Method
- 3. Network Analysis using Superposition Theorem
- 4. Network analysis using Thevenin Theorem.
- 5. Study of Homeostasis for Blood sugar level, Temperature and Water level.
- 6. Anatomy of heart and its functioning- Explain concept of heart rate, arrhythmia, tachycardia and
- 7. bradycardia.
- 8. Measurement of blood pressure using Sphygmomanometer.
- 9. Study the characteristics and applications of SCR and UJT
- 10. Speed and direction control of DC motor
- 11. Speed and direction control of stepper motor.
- 12. Application of ICM7217
- 13. Application of MM7107